

Introduction to the Arduino



Instructor:

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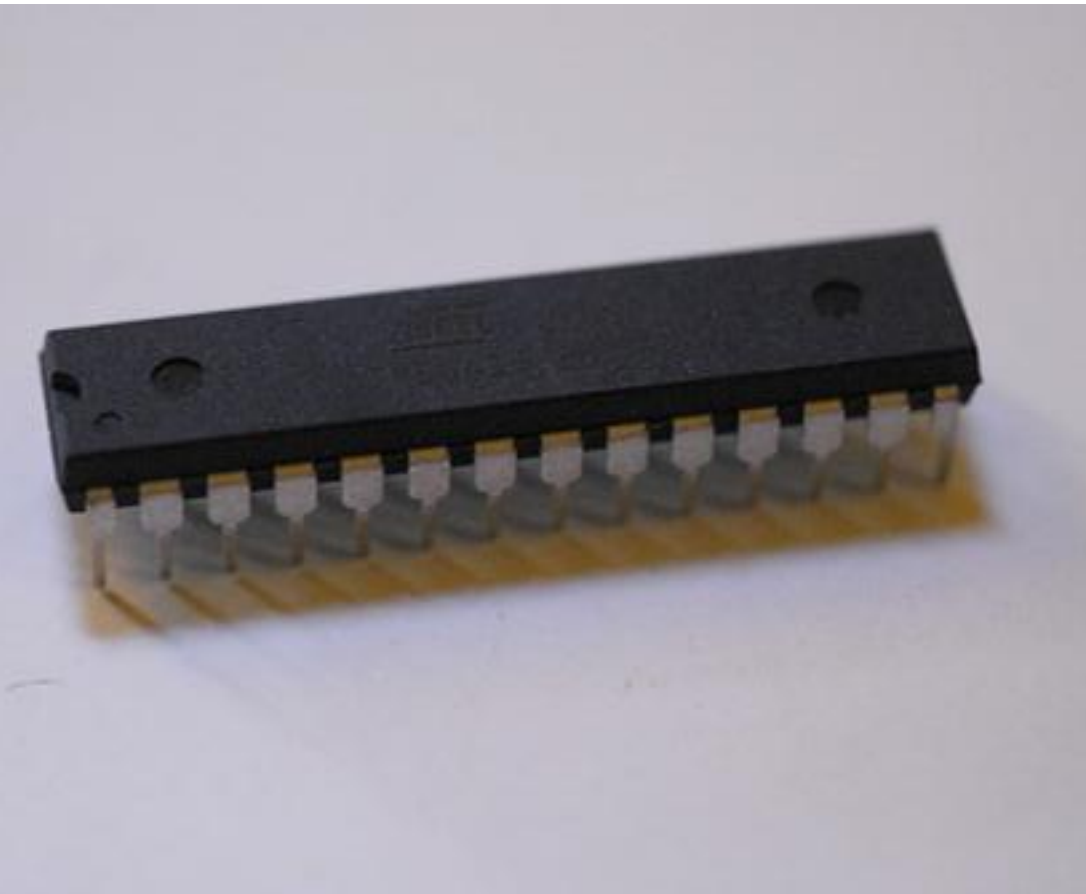
Today we will cover:

- An Overview of Microcontrollers
- Geography of your Arduino
- What makes an Arduino an Arduino
- Basics of what the Arduino can do
- Practice using an Arduino
- Writing code for the Arduino

First ...

Drivers and IDE

What is a microcontroller?



- Miniature computer
 - Processor
 - Short term memory
 - Long term memory
- Input and Output
 - Digital
 - Analog

Microcontroller uses

- Art projects
- Robots and Automation
- Prototyping
- Human interface devices such as remote controls
- Office machines and appliances
- Car engine control systems
- Toys
- and more!

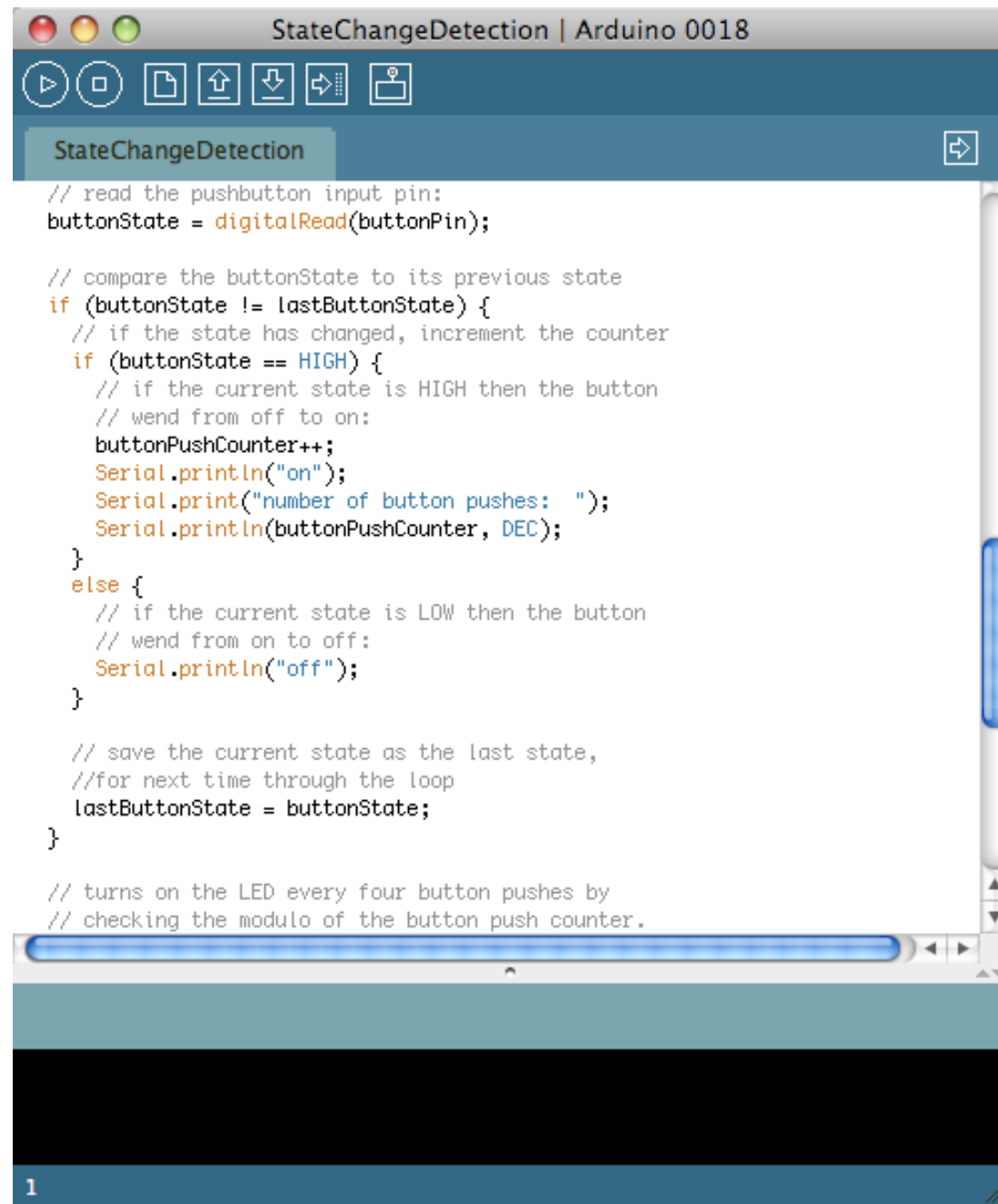
Arduino: microcontroller and more



Your Arduino

- Runs at 16 MHz
- 32 KB Flash memory
- 2 KB RAM
- 3 counters
- 14 digital I/O pins
- 6 10-bit Analog input pins

A brand new IDE



```
StateChangeDetection | Arduino 0018
// read the pushbutton input pin:
buttonState = digitalRead(buttonPin);

// compare the buttonState to its previous state
if (buttonState != lastButtonState) {
  // if the state has changed, increment the counter
  if (buttonState == HIGH) {
    // if the current state is HIGH then the button
    // went from off to on:
    buttonPushCounter++;
    Serial.println("on");
    Serial.print("number of button pushes: ");
    Serial.println(buttonPushCounter, DEC);
  }
  else {
    // if the current state is LOW then the button
    // went from on to off:
    Serial.println("off");
  }

  // save the current state as the last state,
  //for next time through the loop
  lastButtonState = buttonState;
}

// turns on the LED every four button pushes by
// checking the modulo of the button push counter.
```

Talking to the Arduino

```
void setup() {  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  Serial.println("success!");  
}
```

Digital Output

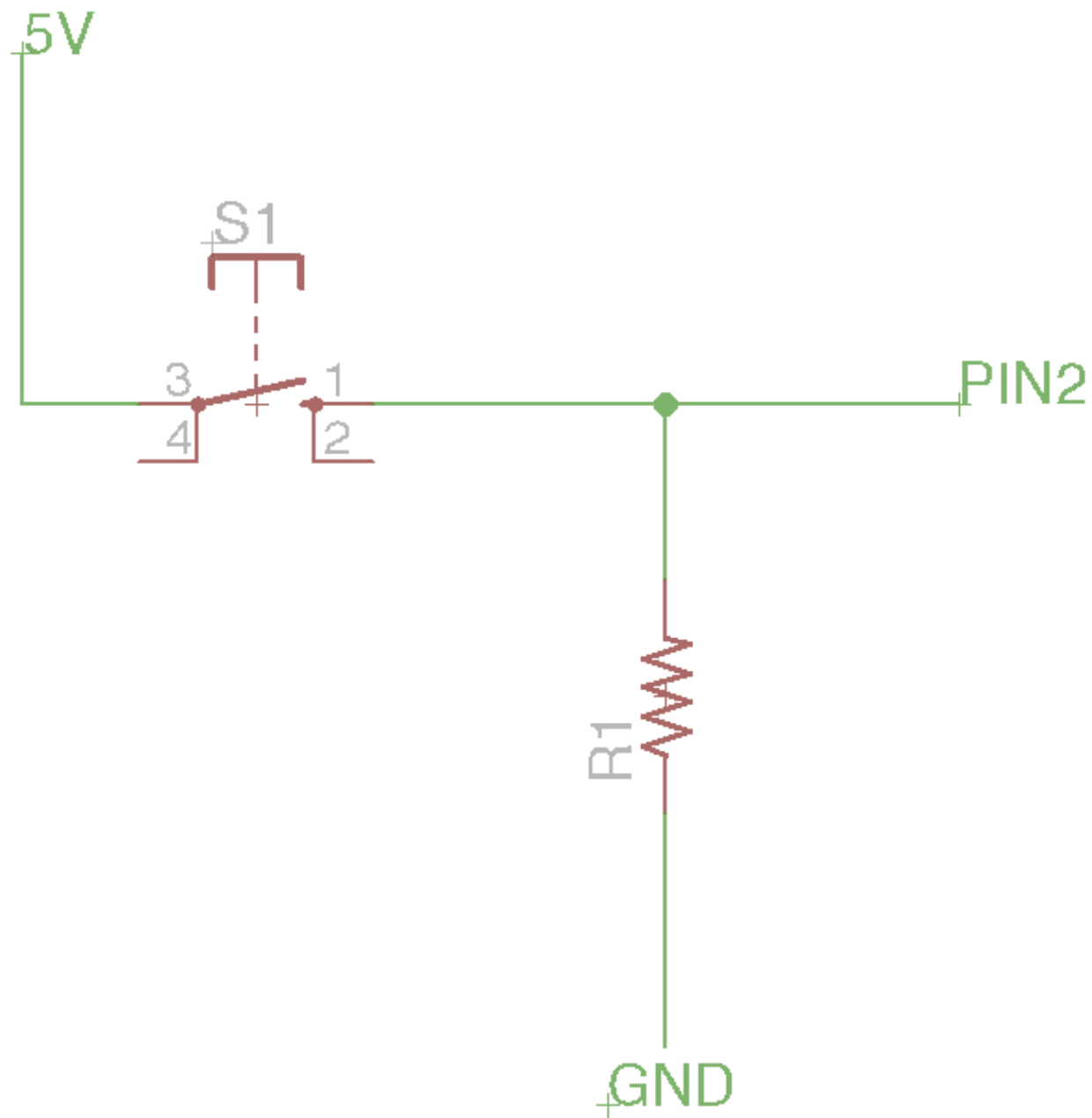


Digital Output

```
void setup() {  
  pinMode(3, OUTPUT);  
}
```

```
void loop() {  
  digitalWrite(3, HIGH);  
  delay(500);  
  digitalWrite(3, LOW);  
  delay(500);  
}
```

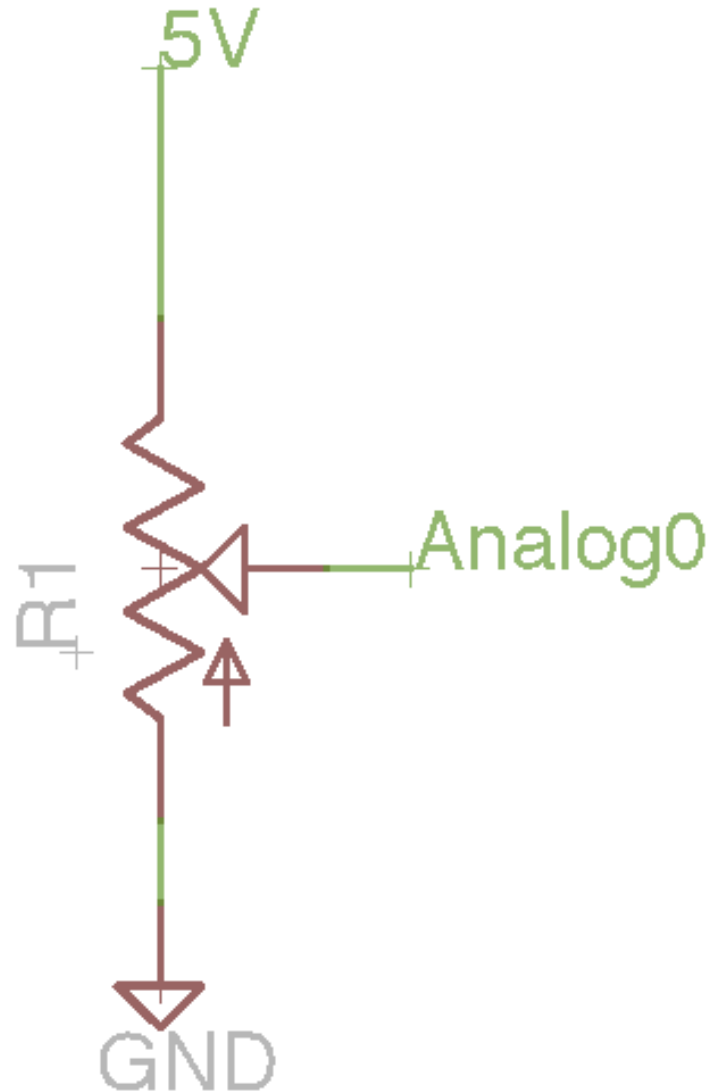
Digital Input



Digital Input

```
void setup() {  
  pinMode(3, OUTPUT);  
  pinMode(2, INPUT);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  if (digitalRead(2) == HIGH)  
  {  
    digitalWrite(3, HIGH);  
  } else  
  {  
    digitalWrite(3, LOW);  
  }  
}
```

Reading analog values with Serial



Reading analog values with Serial

```
void setup() {  
  //no setup required for analog inputs  
  //need to set up Serial  
  Serial.begin(9600);  
}  
  
void loop() {  
  Serial.println(analogRead(0));  
  delay(30);  
}
```